



Bedfield and Wetheringsett C of E Primary Schools Progression of Skills Document

Subject: Science

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3`	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Asking and answering questions	<p>Explore the world around them and raise their own simple questions</p> <p>Experience different type of scientific enquiry</p>	<p>Begin to recognise different ways in which they might answer scientific questions</p> <p>Carry out simple tests</p> <p>Ask people questions and use simple secondary sources to find answers</p>	<p>Raise their own relevant questions about the world around them</p> <p>Give a range of scientific experiences including different types of science enquiries to answer questions</p>	<p>Start to make their own decisions about he most appropriate type of scientific enquiry they might use to answer a question</p> <p>Set up simple practical enquiries, comparative and fair tests.</p> <p>Recognise when a simple fair test is necessary and hep to decide how to set it up</p> <p>Recognise when and how secondary sources might help them to answer questions that cannot be answered through practical investigations</p>	<p>Use their science experiences to explore ideas and raise different kinds of questions</p> <p>Talk about how scientific ideas have developed over time</p>	<p>Select and plan the most appropriate type of scientific enquiry to use to answer scientific questions</p> <p>Recognise when and how to set up comparative and fair tests and explain which variables need to be controlled and why.</p> <p>Recognise which secondary sources will be most useful to research their ideas and begin to separate opinion from fact</p>

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Identifying and classifying	Use simple features to compare objects, materials and living things	With help, decide how to sort and group materials and living things (identifying and classifying)	Talk about criteria for grouping, sorting and classifying	Use simple keys for grouping, sorting and classifying	Use and develop keys and other information records to identify and classify.	Describe living things and materials and identify patterns that might be found in the natural environment
Observing and using equipment	Observe closely using simple equipment with help, observe changes over time	Use simple measurements and equipment (e.g. hand lenses, egg timers) to gather data	Make systematic and careful observations	Help to make decisions about what observations to make, how long to make them for and the type of simple equipment that might be used	Make their own decisions about what observations to make, what measurements to use and how long to make them for	Choose the most appropriate equipment to make measurements with increasing precision and explain how to use it accurately. Take repeat measurements where appropriate

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Using observations to answer questions	Use observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions	<p>With guidance, begin to notice patterns and relationships</p> <p>Talk about what they have found out and how they have found it out</p>	<p>Begin to look for naturally occurring patterns and relationships and decide what data to collect to identify them</p> <p>Use relevant simple scientific language to discuss their ideas and communicate their findings in ways that are appropriate for different audiences, including oral and written explanations, displays or presentations of results and conclusions.</p>	<p>With help pupils should look for changes, patterns, similarities and differences in their data in order to draw simple conclusions and answer questions</p> <p>With support, they should identify new questions arising from the data, making predictions for new values within or beyond the data they have collected and finding ways of improving what they have already done.</p>	<p>Look for different causal relationships in their data and identify evidence that refutes or supports their ideas</p> <p>Identify scientific evidence that has been used to support or refute ideas or arguments</p>	Use their results to make predictions and identify when further observations, comparative and fair tests might be needed

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Recording and presenting data	Record simple data	With help record and communicate their findings in a range of ways and begin to use simple scientific language	Take accurate measurements using standard units, learn how to use a range of (new) equipment, such as data loggers/thermometers appropriately	Collect and record data from their own observations and measurements in a variety of ways: notes, bar charts and tables, standard units, drawings, labelled diagrams, keys and help to make decisions about how to analyse this data.	Decide how to record data and results of increasing complexity from a choice of familiar approaches: scientific diagrams and labels, classification keys, tables, scatter graphs, bar and line graphs	Use relevant scientific language and illustrations to discuss, communicate and justify their scientific ideas, use oral and written forms such as displays and other presentations to report conclusions, causal relationships and explanations of degree of trust in results